9.2 Town of Ballston

This section presents the jurisdictional annex for the Town of Ballston. The town provided the following updates that were incorporated into this annex:

- Jurisdictional Annex Update Form (Contact Information, Profile, and Capability Assessment)
- Hazard Event History
- Hazard Ranking
- NYS Mitigation Action Worksheets

9.2.1 Hazard Mitigation Plan Point of Contact

Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Joseph Whalen, Highway and Water	Tim Szczepaniak, Town Supervisor
Superintendent Deputy Supervisor	323 Charlton Road, Ballston, NY 12020
323 Charlton Road, Ballston, NY 12020	(518) 885 – 8502
(518) 885 – 7660, ext. 25	tszczepaniak@townofballstonny.org
jwhalen@townofballstonny.org	
, , ,	

9.2.2 Town Profile

Population

10,369 (American Community Survey 5-Year 2016 Estimates)

Location

The Town of Ballston is located in the southern part of Saratoga County, and north of Schenectady. It is bounded on the north by Milton, on the east by Malta, on the south by Clifton Park and Schenectady County, and on the west by Schenectady County and Charlton. Ballston Spa is the principal village in the town, with a larger portion of it lying within the limits of Milton. New York State Route 50 (Saratoga Road) is a north-south highway. New York State Route 67 is an east-west highway in the northeast part of Ballston.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the town has a total area of 30.0 square miles (77.7 km²), with 29.6 square miles (76.7 km²) of it land and 0.4 square miles (1.0 km²) of it (1.33-percent) water.

Climate

Saratoga County, with all its municipalities, generally experiences seasonable weather patterns characteristic of the northeastern U.S. Warm summers are typically experienced, with occasional high temperatures and humidity. Midsummer temperatures typically range from 60°F to 83°F

(Fahrenheit). The winters of Saratoga County are long and cold, with temperatures typically ranging from 12°F to 30°F (Fahrenheit). During the winter, temperatures are cooler than the temperatures in areas located near large bodies of water. Snow accumulates to an average depth of 68.7 inches each year.

Brief History

The Ballston region was first settled around 1763. In 1775, the area became a District in Albany County. In 1780, British forces attacked the northern part of the town and took captives back to Canada. The area was originally called "Ball's Town" and "Ballton." The town was formed in 1785 while still in Albany County. The original owners of the town were the McDonald brothers. A man named Eliphalet Ball bought the area of land from them and called it Ball's Town. It stayed that way but over time it got shortened to Ballston.

Governing Body Format

The Town of Ballston consists of a Town Supervisor and four Council members that meet twice a month to review and approve various requests from the various departments as well as from the public. Additionally, public meetings are scheduled and posted when it pertains to the general welfare and development of the town.

Growth/Development Trends

According to the Town of Ballston's Comprehensive Plan and the current zoning ordinance, the Plan recommends the Town focus future development within the Mixed-Use Districts and Industrial Areas, more specifically along Route 50. As of publication of the Comprehensive Plan, industrial development within the Town focused in the northeastern portion of the community near the railroad line along Route 67 and Route 50. The Mixed-Use Center zones at the northern and southern ends of the Ballston Route 50 corridor and the Business Highway zones located between these zones accommodate larger scale commercial and multifamily residential development. The Ballston Lake Residential zone has and will likely continue to experience significant single-family residential growth. The figure below shows the existing zoning within the town.

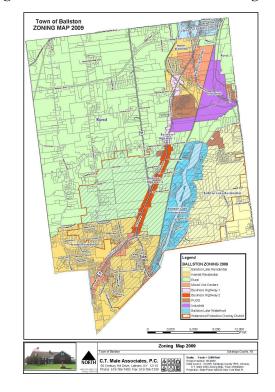


Figure 9.2-1 Town of Ballston 2009 Zoning Map

Table 9.2-1 New Development/Potential Development in Municipality

Property Name	Type Residential or Commercial	Number of Structures	Address	Block and Lot	Description/ Status
Mourningkill Meadows	Residential	45 (units)	Mourningkill Dr.	2283-57	Approved; Under construction
Sharon Lane	Residential	9 (units)	Schauber Rd.	2492- 19.1	Approved; Under construction
Stonebridge PUDD	Residential	222 (units)	Lake Rd.	2392-39	Approved; Under construction
Blue Heron Trails	Residential	183 (units)	Rt. 67 & Eastline Rd	2284-1.3, 2284-1.4, 2284-1.2, 2284-1.1	Approved; Under construction
Cornerstone Condominiums	Residential	54 (units)	Rt. 50 (south of Rt. 67)	228.6-1-2	Approved; Under construction
Cider Mill Estates	Residential	19 (units)	Benedict Rd	2493-37 &2293- 40	Approved; Under construction
Abele Woods	Residential	145 (units)	Benedict Rd & Eastline Rd	2493-23 & 2493- 33	Approved; Under construction
Eagleton	Commercial	2 commercial buildings	1 Charlton Rd	2391-47	Approved; Under construction
Kelley Farms Estates	Residential	133 (units)	Kelley Farms Rd	2392-7.1	Approved; Under Construction

Property Name	Type Residential or Commercial	Number of Structures	Address	Block and Lot	Description/ Status	
Kelley Farms TND	Residential	97 multifamily units;27 townhomes;4 commercial buildings	253 Eastline Road	239.16-2-1	Approved; Under Construction	
1443 Route 50	Residential and Commercial	50 multifamily units; 1 commercial building	multifamily 1443 Route 50 its;		Approved; Under Construction	
1445 Route 50	Residential	32 (units)	1445 Route 50	2281-8	Approved; Under Construction	
Silo Pointe Apartments	Residential	40 (units)	20 Mourningkill Rd	2283- 36.1	Approved; Under Construction	
Dolomite	Commercial	1 office trailer	Curtis Park Rd	2283-64	Approved; Recently completed	
Kasey Pass	Residential	36 (units)	Route 50 and Sherman Way	228.13-1- 18; 228.13-1- 19; 228.13-1-1	Approved; Under construction	
laia Condominiums	Residential	24 (units)	Rt. 50 (south of Rt. 67)	228.6-1-17	Approved; Not started	
Benuscak	Residential	12 (units)	Goode Street	2381- 39.12	Approved; Not started	
Desrosiers	Residential	57 (units)	303 Eastline Rd	2392- 4.151	Approved; Not started	
Hannaford	Commercial	1 building	Via Rossi Drive	2162- 27.111	Concept; Not approved	
Stevenson TND	Residential	14 (units)	1451 Route 50	228.5-1-38	Concept; Not approved	
Katz PUDD	Mixed Use	57 single family units; 121 multifamily units;1 commercial building	Route 50 (South of McCrea Hill Road)	2391-1	PUDD Approved; concept site plan and subdivision	
Spinney Group	Mixed Use	264 multifamily units; 5 single family;3 commercial buildings	60 Middleline Road	2382- 26.2	PUDD Concept; Not approved	

9.2.3 Town-Specific Hazard Information

Table 9.2-2 summarizes the unique hazard occurrences reported within the Town of Ballston in the last 10 years. Detailed hazard event histories can be found in the Previous Occurrences and

Losses sections of each hazard profile in Section 5. Table 9.2-3 summarizes the Town of Ballston's ranking of the hazards based on probability of occurrence and impacts to the town. The Town of Ballston Spa perceives severe winter weather to be one of their greatest risks, which differs from the County who ranked it a moderate hazard. The Town of Ballston Spa also perceives wildfire to be a moderate risk compared to the County that ranked it the lowest risk. This discrepancy highlights the heightened wildfire risk that the Town of Ballston faces, with most of the Town located in the wildland-urban intermix zone (See Section 5 for information about the location of the wildland-urban interface in Saratoga County).

Table 9.2-2 Hazard Event History for the Town of Ballston

Hazard	Previous Events (Last 10 Years)
Extreme Temperatures (Heat and Cold)	No information provided
Drought	No information provided
Earthquake	No information provided
Flood	5
Ground Failure (Landslide, land Subsidence)	No information provided
Infectious Disease	No information provided
Severe Winter Weather (Ice storm, nor'easters, heavy snow,	No information provided
blizzards, freezing rain/sleet)	·
Severe Storm (Hurricane, windstorm, thunderstorm,	No information provided
lightning, tornados, hail, microbursts)	
Wildfire	No information provided

Table 9.2-3 Town of Ballston Hazard Ranking

Rank #	Hazard Type	Probability of Occurrence			County Hazard Ranking ^b
7	Drought	Infrequent	16	Low	Low
8	Earthquake	Rare	6	Low	Low
3	Extreme Temperature	Frequent	48	High	High
3	Flood (riverine, flash, coastal and urban flooding)	Frequent	48	High	High
8	Ground Failure	Rare 6 Lo		Low	Medium
5	Invasive Species	Regular	36	Medium	Medium
1	Severe Storm (windstorms, thunderstorms, hail, lightning and tornados)	Frequent	72	High	High
1	Severe Winter Storm (heavy snow, blizzards, ice storms)	Frequent	72	High	Medium
5	Wildfire	Regular	36	Medium	Low

a. Risk ranking score = Probability x Impact

b. High = Total hazard priority risk ranking score of 31 and above; Medium = Total hazard priority risk ranking of 16-30; and Low = Total hazard risk ranking below 15

9.2.4 Capability Assessment

This section identifies the following capabilities of the local jurisdiction:

- Legal and regulatory capability;
- Administrative and technical capability;
- Fiscal capability; and,
- Community classification.

Legal and Regulatory Capability

Table 9.2-4 Legal and Regulatory Capability of the Town of Ballston

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Regulatory Tools (Codes, Ordinances, Plans)	Local Authority (Y or N)	Prohibitions (State or Federal) (Y or N)	Higher Jurisdictional Authority (Y or N)	State Mandated (Y or N)	Code Citation (Section, Paragraph, Page Number, date of adoption)
1) Building Code	Υ	N	Υ	N	NYS Building Code
2) Zoning Ordinance	Υ	N	N	N	Local Town Zoning June 2006
3) Subdivision Ordinance	Y	N	N	N	Local Town Subdivision June 2006
4) National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance (if you are in the NFIP, you must have this.)	N	Y	Y	Y	Part II, General Legislation, Chapter 68 Flood Damage Prevention
5) Growth Management	N	N	N	N	
6) Floodplain Management / Basin Plan	N	Y	Υ	N	
7) Stormwater Management Plan/Ordinance	Υ	N	Υ	Y	Town Law, Ch. 91 & 92 January 2008
8) Comprehensive Plan / Master Plan/ General Plan	Υ	N	N	N	Local Planning and Zoning June 2006
9) Capital Improvements Plan (CIP)	N	N	N	N	
10) Site Plan Review Requirements	Y	Y	Υ	N	Local Town Zoning June 2006
11) Open Space Plan	N	N	N	N	
12) Economic Development Plan	N	N	N	N	

Regulatory Tools (Codes, Ordinances, Plans)	Local Authority (Y or N)	Prohibitions (State or Federal) (Y or N)	Higher Jurisdictional Authority (Y or N)	State Mandated (Y or N)	Code Citation (Section, Paragraph, Page Number, date of adoption)
13) Emergency Response Plan	Y	N	Y	Y	Emergency Operations Plan updated and approved 2016
14) Post Disaster Recovery Plan	Y	N	N	Y	Emergency Operations Plan updated and approved 2016
15) Post Disaster Recovery Ordinance	Y	N	N	Y	Emergency Operations Plan updated and approved 2016
16) Real Estate Disclosure req.	N	N	N	N	
17) Other [Special Purpose Ordinances (i.e., critical or sensitive areas)]	N	Y	Y	N	Ballston Lake Overlay District (BLOD)

Administrative and Technical Capability

Table 9.2-5 Administrative and Technical Capability of the Town of Ballston

Staff/ Personnel Resources	Available (Y or N)	Department/ Agency/Position
Planner(s) or Engineer(s) with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Y	Sophia Marruso, Senior Planner; C.T. Male, Town Designated Engineer (under contract)
Engineer(s) or Professional(s) trained in construction practices related to buildings and/or infrastructure	Y	Brian Theriault, Building Inspector; C.T. Male, Town Designated Engineer (under contract)
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Y	Sophia Marruso, Senior Planner; C.T. Male, Town Designated Engineer (under contract)
4) NFIP Floodplain Administrator (if you are in the NFIP, you must have one.)	Y	Brian Theriault, Building Inspector
5) Surveyor(s)	N	
6) Personnel skilled or trained in "Geographic Information Systems" (GIS) applications	Υ	C.T. Male, Town Designated Engineer (under contract)
7) Scientist familiar with natural hazards in the Town of Ballston.	N	
8) Emergency Manager	Υ	Deputy Supervisor and Town Supervisor
9) Grant Writer(s)	Υ	Under Contract

Staff/ Personnel Resources	Available (Y or N)	Department/ Agency/Position
10) Staff with expertise or training in benefit/cost analysis	N	

Fiscal Capability

Table 9.2-6 Fiscal Capability of the Town of Ballston

Financial Resources	Accessible or Eligible to use (Yes/No/Don't know)
1) Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	Ballston Microenterprise Program
2) Capital Improvements Project Funding	Ballston Lake/Saratoga County Sewer Project
3) Authority to Levy Taxes for specific purposes	Water Department – unpaid fees
4) User fees for water, sewer, gas or electric service	Fees for water meter installations and connection
5) Impact Fees for homebuyers or developers of new development/homes	Parks and Recreation Fee
6) Incur debt through general obligation bonds	Water and Highway Infrastructure
7) Incur debt through special tax bonds	No
8) Incur debt through private activity bonds	No
9) Withhold public expenditures in hazard-prone areas	No
10) State mitigation grant programs (e.g. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation [NYSDEC], and New York City Department of Environmental Protection [NYCDEP])	No
11) Other	No

Community Classifications

Table 9.2-7 Community Classifications of the Town of Ballston

Program	Classification	Date Classified
Community Rating System (CRS)	NP	N/A
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	NP	N/A
Public Protection	NP	N/A
Storm Ready	NP	N/A
Firewise	NP	N/A

N/A = Not applicable. NP = Not participating. - = Unavailable.

The classifications listed above relate to the community's effectiveness in providing services that may impact its vulnerability to the natural hazards identified. These classifications can be viewed as a gauge of the community's capabilities in all phases of emergency management (preparedness,

Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

response, recovery and mitigation) and are used as an underwriting parameter for determining the costs of various forms of insurance. The CRS class applies to flood insurance while the BCEGS and Public Protection classifications apply to standard property insurance. CRS classifications range on a scale of 1 to 10 with class one being the best possible classification, and class 10 representing no classification benefit. Firewise classifications include a higher classification when the subject property is located beyond 1000 feet of a creditable fire hydrant and is within 5 road miles of a recognized Fire Station. Criteria for classification credits are outlined in the following documents:

- The Community Rating System Coordinators Manual;
- The Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule;
- The ISO Mitigation online ISO's Public Protection website at: https://www.isomitigation.com/ppc/;
- The National Weather Service Storm Ready website at https://www.weather.gov/stormready/; and,
- The National Firewise Communities website at http://firewise.org/.

9.2.5 Mitigation Strategy

Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives

Table 9.2-8 Proposed Hazard Mitigation Initiatives of the Town of Ballston

ive	ation ive	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	d(s)	. Met	Objectives Met		ort	ated	ses of ing	ine
Initiative	Mitigation	Applies to New and/c Existing Structures	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objec Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources Funding	Timeline
TB-1	Where appropriate, support retrofitting, purchase, or relocation of structures located in hazard-prone areas to protect structures from future damage, with repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss properties as priority. Identify facilities that are viable candidates for retrofitting based on cost-effectiveness versus relocation. Where retrofitting or relocation is determined to be a viable option, consider implementation of that action based on available funding. The Sheriff's Department Civil Division is located in a special flood hazard area; its vulnerability to flood hazards is not fully known and over the life of this plan the town will assess this facility (e.g., document history of damage) to understand its vulnerabilities and mitigate.	Existing	Flood, Severe Storm	1, 2, 3, 5	1-1, 1-2, 1-3, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 3-1, 3-5	Municipal NFIP Floodplain Administrator	NYS DHSES, FEMA	High	FEMA Mitigation Grant Programs and local budget (or property owner) for cost share	DOF
TB-2	Consider participation in incentive-based programs such as CRS	New & Existing	Flood	1, 2, 5	1-1, 1-3, 1-6, 2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 5-2	Municipal NFIP Floodplain Administrator	NYS DHSES, ISO, FEMA	Medium	Local Budget	DOF

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-3	Continue to support the implementation, monitoring, maintenance, and updating of this Plan, as defined in Section 7.0	New & Existing	All Hazards	All	All	Municipal mitigation planning point of contacts	County (through Mitigation Planning Coordinator), NYS DHSES	Low – High (for 5-year update)	Local Budget, possibly FEMA Mitigation Grant Funding for 5-year update	DOF
TB-4	Continue to develop, enhance, and implement existing emergency plans. This may (TB-16) Continue to do yearly updates to the Town's Emergency Operations Plan, and work toward the completion of a Town Comprehensive Emergency Management plan that is NIMS Compliant and addresses all hazards. (i.e. Follows the National response Framework, and ESF's 1-20).	New & Existing	All Hazards	1, 3	1-1, 1-7, 3- 2, 3-4, 3-5	Municipal Emergency Manager with support from County OEM and NYS DHSES	County Emergency Management, NYS DHSES	Low - Medium	Local Budget, Shared County DHSES Grant Funding	DOF
TB-5	Create/enhance/ maintain mutual aid agreements with neighboring communities.	New & Existing	All Hazards	3, 5	3-4, 5-1, 5- 3	Local Emergency Management, DPW and Roads	Surrounding municipalities and County		Local Budget, Shared County DHSES Grant Funding	DOF

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-6	Continue to do yearly updates to the Town's Emergency Operations Plan, and work toward the completion of a Town Comprehensive Emergency Management plan that is NIMS Compliant and addresses all hazards. (i.e. Follows the National response Framework, and ESF's 1-20).	New & Existing	All Hazards	All	All	Municipality Emergency Management Department,	County and Regional agencies (as appropriate for initiative)	Low - High	Local Budget, Shared County DHSES Grant Funding	DOF
TB-7	Alleviate flooding along the Outlet Road which experiences frequent flooding: Outlet Road – Raise the grade of the road, 1-2', co-incident with the excavation for installation and construction of the Ballston Lake Sewer lines and infrastructure for the upcoming Ballston Lake Sewer District project expected to commence 2019-2020. 1) Prepare Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Application, 2) Review environmental-historic impacts, 3) Perform water environmental impact statement, and 4) Perform a cost-benefit analysis.	Existing	Flood	1, 3	1-1, 3-6	Municipality - Building / Planning Department.	SEMO, FEMA	High	FEMA HMA program with local budget for partial match	DOF

Initiative	Mitigation	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-8	Establish a Farmland and Open Space Protection Program to achieve meaningful open space conservation even while growth and development occurs. Per Comprehensive Plan	New & Existing	Flood, Severe Storm	1, 2,	1-6, 1-8, 4- 1, 4-2, 4-3, 4-4	Municipality - Farmland Preservation and Protection Committee	County Planning, Soil and Water Conservation, County MS4 Office, ToB LEMC, Water quality committee.	Low	Local Budget, County and State Open Space and Farmland Protection Grants for the Purchase of Developmen t Rights. County, State DHSES for planning and training.	Short Term

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-9	Encourage the protection of stream corridors throughout the community, and water quality in Ballston Lake (e.g., stream buffers on classified streams). Included as part of the Ballston Lake Overlay Plan.	N/A	Flood, Severe Storm	4	4-1,	Municipality - Building / Planning Department	County Planning, Soil and Water Conservation, County MS4 Office, ToB LEMC, Water quality committee, BLIA, and the Sewer Committee, D HSES, FEMA, EPA	Medium – High depending on the initiative	FEMA HMA program with local budget for match, and funding from Town's Water Quality Committee.	Ongoing

Saratoga County, New York July 18, 2019

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-10	Town should continue to work closely with the DEC and Saratoga County to establish a Stormwater management program and ensure compliance with US EPA Stormwater Phase II regulations. Upgrade and increase the capacity of the current Stormwater collection system such that there will be a net reduction in the flood risk caused by Stormwater impacts	New & Existing	Flood, Severe Storm	1, 5	1-5, 1-6, 1- 7, 5-2	Municipality Building Department	County Planning; County MS4 program, soil and water conservation district, NYS DEC; US EPA, Town Highway, Water and sewer departments (DPW).	Medium – High	Local	Ongoing

Initiative	Mitigation	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-11	Conduct a needs assessment for fire and emergency services jointly with the Town of Ballston Local Emergency Management Committee (ToB LEMC).	N/A	All Hazards	1, 3	1-1, 1-4, 3- 1, 3-2, 3-4	ToB LEMC	Building / Planning Department, Highway, Water, Neighboring municipalities; County OES; State, FEMA	Medium	Local	Ongoing

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-12	Continue to coordinate with neighboring municipalities of Milton, Charlton, Malta Galway, Saratoga County OES, the Saratoga Economic Development Corporation (SEDC), area school districts and emergency service providers, and regional entities such as the Capital District Transportation Committee (CDTC), the Capital District Transportation Authority (CDTA), and the Capital District Regional Planning Commission (CDRPC) in planning related activities. Work through County OES to coordinate with local State, and Federal offices for support.	New & Existing	All Hazards	3, 5	3-3, 3-4, 3-5, 5-1, 5-2	Municipality - ToB LEMC	Neighboring municipalities; County OES; SEDC, Local universities (SUNY Albany, Skidmore).	High	Local, County LEPC, FEMA HMA, HMPG, HMEP, LGRMIF, and whole community, including business community, Rotary, and local Chambers of Commerce.	Ongoing

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-13	Continue to do yearly updates to the Town's Emergency Operations Plan, and work toward the completion of a Town Comprehensive Emergency Management plan that is NIMS Compliant and addresses all hazards. (i.e. Follows the National response Framework, and ESF's 1-20).	Existing	Flood	1, 3	1-1, 1-6, 1-7, 3-1, 3- 2,3-4	Municipality Emergency Management Department,	Watershed districts (if applicable); neighboring municipalities; County (if applicable); NYS	Medium to Low	FEMA HMA	Long Term
TB-14	Assess unregulated rural water bodies and evaluate potential hazards for localized impacts due to failures.	Existing	All Hazards	1, 3, 5	1-1, 3-1, 3-3, 3-5, 3- 6,5-1	Municipality NFIP Floodplain Administrator	Watershed districts (if applicable); neighboring municipalities; County (if applicable); NYS	Medium	FEMA HMA	Ongoing

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-15	Support improvement of Interoperable and Emergency Communication Systems (statewide core capability goal), like the Community Emergency Alert System (Code Red), and Reverse 911 system, Mass Notification system, and Special Needs Registry. Enhance the ability of public safety agencies, Town Officials, ToB LEMC and other community partners and stakeholder to communicate with one another on demand, in real time, when needed, and when authorized.	New & Existing	All Hazards	1, 3, 5	1-1, 3-1, 3-3, 3-5, 3- 6,5-1	Municipality - ToB LEMC	Local, County OES, NYS DHSES (Comms Unit)	Medium	State DHSES Interoperabl e Communicat ions Grants, HMA , County OES	Ongoing
TB-16	Create a mitigation support fund to provide matching funds on an ongoing basis for municipality and residential mitigation projects which will fund cost-sharing portions of projects and be replenished during the annual budget cycle.	New & Existing	All Hazards	1, 2, 3, 5	1-3, 1-9, 2-5, 3-1, 5-2	Town Board	County	Medium	Operating budget; PDM; HMGP; Critical infrastructur e grants; EMPG; LGRMIF	DOF

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-17	Strive to achieve the goals and objectives set forth in the ToB Conduct appropriate training and test the operational plans through tabletops, mutual aid drills and exercises that fit in with the local fire department and county fire training / drill schedules. Strive to coordinate an HSEEP compliant multi-agency Full Scale Excercise that addresses the Worst-Case Scenario of a Train derailment carrying Hazardous Materials along the CP Rail Line; Goal 2020.	Existing Critical Infrastructu re, (Road Crossings, Whites Beach, Rt 146 A, Outlet Road) and Environme ntally Sensitive areas around Ballston Lake, adjacent to the Rail Line / Bike Path.	All Hazards -	1, 5	1-3, 5-2	Joint: ToB LEMC and County OES	CP Rail, County OEM, DHSES, EPA, US Coast Guard (Inland Water Way Regional Coordinator)	High	FEMA - Region II, Office of Exercise Coord., DHSES, Local, County LEPC, HMEP, 109th Air national Guard, and whole community, including business community, Rotary, and local Chambers of Commerce.	DOF

Initiative	Mitigation Initiative	Applies to New and/or Existing Structures*	Hazard(s) Mitigated	Goals Met	Objectives Met	Lead	Support	Estimated Cost	Sources of Funding	Timeline
TB-18	The Town Ballston Water Department and LEMC recommends procurement of a mobile trailer generator and truck mounted generator that allows for mobile power to be provided during a disruption in power at critical facilities (Sewer, Water, Library) for use during mass outages like the Storm of 2008.	New & Existing	All Hazards	1	1-1, 1-4	ToB Water Department	Highway, Water, (New) Ballston Lake Sewer District, LEMC.	Medium	HMGP, Local Match, County, FEMA EMPG;	DOF
TB-19	The Town Ballston LEMC recommends procurement of a fixed generator to be installed at the Town of Ballston Community Library for backup power to mitigate the effects of a power disruption for use for use during mass outages like the Storm of 2008. The Library a designated Critical Facility in the Town's Emergency Operations Plan.	Existing	All Hazards	1	1-1, 1-4	ToB LEMC, Library	ToB LEMC, Library	Low	Local, FEMA HMA, PDA, HMGP, DHSES Critical Infrastructur e grants	DOF
TB-20	Update flood insurance maps by conducting a detailed flood study, H-H, FIRM update for the entire Ballston Lake Watershed.	N/A	Flood	1	###	LEMC	County; State; Federal	Medium	Water quality and protection grants; FEMA PDM	Short Term

^{*}Does this mitigation initiative reduce the effects of hazards on new and/or existing buildings and/or infrastructure?

Notes: Short term = 1 to 5 years; Long Term= 5 years or greater; OG = Ongoing program; DOF = Depending on funding; NA = Not applicable;

Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

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PDM = Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program.

Analysis of Mitigation Actions

This table summarizes the participant's mitigation actions by hazard of concern and the six mitigation types to illustrate that the Town has selected a comprehensive range of actions/projects.

Table 9.2-9 Analysis of Mitigation Actions of the Town of Ballston

	Type of Mitigation Action						
Hazard of Concern	Prevention	Property Protection	Public Education and Awareness	Natural Resource Protection	Emergency Services	Structural Projects	
Drought	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	
Earthquake	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-8	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	
Extreme Temperatures	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	
Flooding (riverine, flash, coastal and urban flooding)	TB-2, TB-3, TB-4, TB-6, TB-8, TB-10, TB-11, TB-12, TB-13, TB-14, TB-15, TB-16, 20	TB-1, TB-2, TB- 3, TB-6, TB-9	TB-1, TB-2, TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-2, TB-3, TB-4, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB-7, TB-9	
Ground Failure	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	
Invasive Species	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	
Severe Storms (windstorms, thunderstorms, hail, lightning and tornados)	TB-2, TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-10, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-1, TB-2, TB-3, TB-6, TB-9	TB-1, TB-2, TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-2, TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB-7, TB-9	
Severe Winter Storm (heavy snow, blizzards, ice storms)	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-10, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 7, TB-9	

Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

	Type of Mitigation Action						
Hazard of Concern	Prevention	Property Protection	Public Education and Awareness	Natural Resource Protection	Emergency Services	Structural Projects	
Wildfire	TB-3, TB-6, TB-8, TB-11, TB-12, TB-14, TB-15	TB-3, TB-6, TB- 9	TB-3, TB-6, TB-12	TB-3, TB-6	TB-3, TB-4, TB-5, TB-6, TB-11	TB-3, TB-6, TB-7, TB-9	

Notes:

- 1. **Prevention:** Government, administrative or regulatory actions or processes that influence the way land and buildings are developed and built. These actions also include public activities to reduce hazard losses. Examples include planning and zoning, floodplain local laws, capital improvement programs, open space preservation, and storm water management regulations.
- 2. **Property Protection:** Actions that involve (1) modification of existing buildings or structures to protect them from a hazard, or (2) removal of the structures from the hazard area. Examples include acquisition, elevation, relocation, structural retrofits, storm shutters, and shatter-resistant glass.
- 3. **Public Education and Awareness:** Actions to inform and educate citizens, elected officials, and property owners about hazards and potential ways to mitigate them. Such actions include outreach projects, real estate disclosure, hazard information centers, and school-age and adult education programs.
- 4. **Natural Resource Protection:** Actions that minimize hazard loss and also preserve or restore the functions of natural systems. These actions include sediment and erosion control, stream corridor restoration, watershed management, forest and vegetation management, and wetland restoration and preservation.
- 5. **Emergency Services:** Actions that protect people and property, during and immediately following, a disaster or hazard event. Services include warning systems, emergency response services, and the protection of essential facilities.
- 6. **Structural Projects:** Actions that involve the construction of structures to reduce the impact of a hazard. Such structures include dams, setback levees, floodwalls, retaining walls, and safe rooms.

Prioritization of Mitigation Initiatives

Table 9.2-10 Prioritization of Mitigation Initiatives of the Town of Ballston

				g		e Town of Dansto	
Initiative #	# of Objectives Met	Benefits	Costs	Do Benefits equal or exceed Costs? (Yes or No)	ls project Grant eligible? (Yes or No)	Can Project be funded under existing programs/budgets? (Yes or No)	Priority (High, Med., Low)
TB-1	8	Н	Н	Υ	Y	N	M-H*
TB-2	8	М	L	Υ	N	Υ	Н
TB-3	28	М	M	Υ	N (Yes for 5-year update)	Y	Н
TB-4	5	M	L	Υ	N	Υ	M
TB-5	35	М	L	Υ	N	Υ	Н
TB-6	28	Н	L-M	Υ	Dependent on specific initiative	Dependent on specific initiative	M-H (dependent)
TB-7	5	Н	М	Υ	Y	Y (local match)	M
TB-8	2	M	L	Υ	N	Υ	M
TB-9	6	M	M	Y	Y Dependent on specific initiative	Dependent on specific initiative	M-H (dependent)
TB-10	4	Н	М	Υ	N	Υ	М
TB-11	5	М	L	Υ	N	Υ	М
TB-12	6	М	M-L	Υ	N	Υ	M
TB-13	6	М	M-L	Υ	Y	Y (local match)	M
TB-14	6	М	М	Υ	Y	Y (local match)	M
TB-15	6	М	М	Υ	N	Υ	Н
TB-16	2	L	L	Υ	N	Υ	Н
TB-17	2	Н	Н	Υ	N	Υ	Н
TB-18	2	Н	М	Υ	Y	Υ	Н
TB-19	2	Н	L	Υ	Y	Υ	Н
TB-20	1	Н	М	Υ	Υ	N	Н
TB-21	2	Н	Н	Υ	Υ	N	Н

Notes: H = High. L = Low. M = Medium. N = No. N/A = Not applicable. Y = Yes.

^{*}This initiative has a Medium priority based on the prioritization scheme used in this planning process (implementation based or grant funding), however it is recognized that addressing repetitive and severe repetitive loss properties is considered a high priority by Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and NYS Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Services (NYS DHSES) (as expressed in the State HMP), and thus shall be considered a High priority for all participants in the planning process.

Explanation of Priorities

- High Priority A project that meets multiple objectives (i.e., multiple hazards), benefits exceeds cost, has funding secured or is an on-going project and project meets eligibility requirements for the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) or Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program (PDM) programs. High priority projects can be completed in the short term (1 to 5 years).
- Medium Priority A project that meets goals and objectives, benefits exceeds costs, funding has not been secured but project is grant eligible under, HMGP, PDM or other grant programs. Project can be completed in the short term, once funding is completed. Medium priority projects will become high priority projects once funding is secured.
- Low Priority Any project that will mitigate the risk of a hazard, benefits do not exceed the costs or are difficult to quantify, funding has not been secured and project is not eligible for HMGP or PDM grant funding, and time line for completion is considered long term (1 to 10 years). Low priority projects may be eligible other sources of grant funding from other programs. A low priority project could become a high priority project once funding is secured as long as it could be completed in the short term.

Prioritization of initiatives was based on above definitions: Yes.

Prioritization of initiatives was based on parameters other than stated above: Not Applicable.

9.2.6 National Flood Insurance Program Compliance

The Town of Ballston participates in the NFIP and draws on a number of capabilities to carry out program requirements. The town maintains a number of jurisdictional ordinances that ensure all construction is appropriate for the areas considered at risk to flooding: NFIP Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance; a Floodplain Management/Basin Plan; and Site Plan Review Requirements. The Town also formed the Ballston Lake Overlay District (BLOD) to address flood and development concerns in this environmentally sensitive area.

The town is staffed with professionals whose expertise supports a high standard of floodplain management. In addition to employing a floodplain administrator, included on Town staff are planners and engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices; and technical staff with an understanding of natural hazards. Project review input from professionals serving in these technical positions provides guidance to property owners about how to build or rebuild in ways that minimize flood damage to persons and property.

The community also developed three mitigation actions to enhance NFIP program management. These include reviewing vulnerability of critical facilities and ensuring that they are protected to a higher standards, or to the level of a 2% chance of flooding; reviewing the feasibility of becoming a member of the Community Rating System; and conducting an assessment of unregulated rural water bodies and evaluate potential hazards for localized impacts due to failures.

The town does not currently have any properties that have experienced repetitive loss (RL) or severe repetitive losses (SRL) from flood. The town will continue to proactively mitigate at-risk properties and monitor NFIP claims for RL and SRL properties.

9.2.7 Future Needs to Better Understand Risk/Vulnerability

None at this time.

9.2.8 Additional Comments

No additional comments at this time.

9.2.9 NYS Mitigation Action Forms

See next page.

Saratoga County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

Name of Jurisdiction: Town of Ballston

NYS DHSES Action Worksheet								
Project Name:	Update Flood Insurance Maps							
Project Number:	TB-20							
		ulnerability						
Hazard of Concern:	Flooding	Flooding						
Description of the Problem:	Current floodplain maps throughout Saratoga County are not compliant with modern guidelines and standards established in FEMA's modern Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning (Risk MAP) Program. These guidelines and standards define the specific implementation of the statutory and regulatory requirements for the National Flood Insurance Program. The floodplain maps for Saratoga County are old and obsolete, and out of compliance with modern guidelines and standards for Flood Risk Analysis and Mapping and have a direct effect on setting mandatory flood insurance rates Without accurate and compliant floodplain maps, risk assessments, and reliable loss estimates, the City and its residents cannot make informed land use decisions. In particular, the area within the Ballston Lake watershed and shorelines of Ballston Lake are grossly in error and are in need of updating.							
		ended for Implementation						
Description of the Solution:								
Is this proje	ect related to a Critical Facility?	Yes	No X					
(If yes, this proje	ect must intend to protect to the 500-year flood	l event or the actual worst damage s	scenario, whichever is greater.)					
Level of Protection:	500-year	F .: 1 P	\$100,000 (+) annually to residents in					
Useful Life:	25 years	Estimated Benefits (losses avoided):	NFIP premiums					
Estimated Cost:	\$150,000	(losses avoided).						
	Plan for Implementation							
Prioritization:	High	Desired Timeframe for Implementation:	2019-2020					
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	1.5 years	Potential Funding Sources:	Water quality and protection grants; FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grants; DOD-USACE Floodplain Management Services; NFIP: Flood Mapping					
Responsible Organization:	Local Emergency Management Committee, in cooperation with County, State, and FEMA	Local Planning Mechanisms to be Used in Implementation, if any:	Floodplain Management Plan					
	Three Alternatives Consider	dered (including No Action)						
	Action	Estimated Cost	Evaluation					
	No Action	\$0	Pros: Low Cost. Cons: A lack of accurate information will cause inaccurate rate-calculations					
Alternatives:	Collect and process necessary Geospatial information, including existing 2-meter LIDAR supplemented by high-resolution material	\$100,000	Pros: Utilizing existing data will keep project costs lower and will facilitate shorter project timeline. Cons: Existing material may not provide desired level of detail.					
	Partner with county to pool resources and conduct wider floodplain mapping effort across jurisdictions	+\$150,000	Pros: Provides valuable data for a range of constituents. Pooling of resources may reduce costs for individual stakeholders. Cons: Requires coordination and financial commitment from larger group of stakeholders.					
Progress Report (for plan maintenance)								
Date of Status Report:		,						
Report of Progress:								
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:								

Saratoga County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan

Name of Jurisdiction: Town of Ballston

NYS DHSES Action Worksheet							
Project Name:	Repetitive flooding on Outlet Road						
Project Number:	TB-21						
Risk / Vulnerability							
Hazard of Concern:	Flooding						
Description of the Problem:	Repetitive flooding along Lake and Ballston Creek affects Outlet Road at the North end of Ballston Lake, impacting the road's level of service.						
		ended for Implementation					
Description of the Solution:	To alleviate flooding along the Outlet Road, raise the grade of the road, 1-2', co-incident with the excavation for installation and construction of the Ballston Lake Sewer lines and infrastructure for the upcoming Ballston Lake Sewer District project expected to commence 2019-2020						
Is this proje	ect related to a Critical Facility?	Yes	No X				
(If yes, this proj	ect must intend to protect to the 500-year flood	l event or the actual worst damage	scenario, whichever is greater.)				
Level of Protection:	100-year flood		Alleviate flooding, road closures during				
Useful Life:	20-35 years	Estimated Benefits	100-year flood events and other				
Estimated Cost:	\$150,000.00	(losses avoided):	incidents				
	Plan for In	nplementation					
Prioritization:	High	Desired Timeframe for Implementation:	2020, co-incident with sewer construction				
Estimated Time Required for Project Implementation:	3 Months	Potential Funding Sources:	FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program; Surface FHA Transportation Block Grant Program; US DOT Bridges Replacement and Rehabilitation; US Army Corps of Engineers Protection of Essential Highways, Highway Bridge Approaches, and Public Works General Budget				
Responsible Organization:	Town Highway Department	Local Planning Mechanisms to be Used in Implementation, if any:	Highway maintenance plan, stormwater management plan				
	Three Alternatives Consider	dered (including No Action)					
Alternatives:	Action	Estimated Cost	Evaluation				
Tirelian Co.	No Action	\$0					
	Install steel shoring along roadway for 1/4 -1/2 mile	\$250,000	Pros: Could be installed co-incident to Ballston Lake Sewer Line Cons: Higher cost; may not provide greater level of long-term protection				
	Close road to vehicular traffic; maintain and/or convert to pedestrian trail	Unknown	Pros: Long-term, reduced maintenance cost Cons: Eliminates east-west roadway on the northern side of the lake; cars would re-route to 67 to north or Schauber Rd to south				
Progress Report (for plan maintenance)							
Date of Status Report:	11/30/2018	,					
Report of Progress:							
Update Evaluation of the Problem and/or Solution:							